# WALTER REED INFORMED CONSENT

522-113				NSN 7540-00-634-4165
MEDICAL RECORD	REQUEST F AND FOR PERFORMA	OR ADMIN	ISTRATION OF ANESTH ERATIONS AND OTHER	ESIA PROCEDURES
A. IDENTIFICATION				
1. OPERATION OR PROCEDU	RE ANESTHESIA	SEDATION [	TRANSFUSION (see back of form	Check All Indicated Boxes
B. STATEMENT OF REQUEST				
complications have been fully ex	e operation or procedure, possible alte plained to me. I acknowledge that no pure of the operation or procedure to be	zuarantees have l	of treatment, the risks involved, and been made to me concerning the rest (Description of operation or procedure in	uits of the operation or
		· .		
which is to be performed by or a	under the direction of Dr.			
necessary or desirable, in the ju or procedure.	the above-named operation or procedudgment of the professional staff of the	e below-named n	nedical facility, during the course of t	the above-named operation
3. I request the administration of below-named medical facility.	of such anesthesia as may be conside	red necessary o	advisable in the judgment of the pro	ofessional staff of the
4. Exceptions to surgery or anes	sthesia, if any, are:		if "none", so state)	
5. I request the disposal by auti	horities of the below-named medical fa	ecility of any tissi	res or parts which it may be necessa	ary to remove.
6. I understand that photograph indoctrination at this or other fa the following conditions:	s and movies may be taken of this op cilities. I consent to the taking of such	eration, and that pictures and ob	they may be viewed by various person servation of the operation by authoric	onnel undergoing training or zed personnel, subject to
a. The name of the patient an	d his/her family is not used to identify	said pictures.		
b. Said pictures be used only	for purposes of medical/dental study	or research.		
	(Cross out any parts a	bove which are i	not appropriate)	
C. SIGNATURES	(Appropriate items in Parts A a	nd B must be co	mpleted before signing)	
expected results, as described	NTIST: I have counseled this patient a above. I have also discussed poten results of non-treatment, and signif	tial problems re	lated to Anesthesia/Sedation/Trans	ant risks involved, and sfusion, as noted above,
			(Signature of Counseling Physician/De Licensed Independent Provider	ntistj
request such procedure(s) be p	ture of the proposed procedure(s), at erformed. I am aware of potential p results of non-treatment, and signif	roblems related	to Anesthesia/Sedation/Transfusic	ribed above, and hereby on, as noted above,
(Signature of Witness, excluding member	ers of operating tearn)	(Sig	nature of Patient)	(Date and Time)
sponsor/guardian of	When patient is a minor or unable to g und above, and hereby request such pro sion, as noted above, and to recupe	derstand the nati	are of the proposed procedure(s), at	tendant risks involved, and oblems related to afficant alternative theraples
(Signature of Witness, excluding members)	ers of operating team)	(Signature	of Sponsor/Legal Guardian)	(Date and Time)
	r written entries give: Name—last, first, middle medical facility)	; grade; rank; rate;	REGISTER NO.	WARD NO.
			REQUEST FOR ADMINISTRATION PERFORMANCE OF OPERATIONS	OF ANESTHESIA AND FOR AND OTHER PROCEDURES

Medical Record

JUL 02

WRAMC OVERPRINT 24 STANDARD FORM 522 (REV. 7-91) Prescribed by GSA/ICMR, FIRMR (41 CFR) 201-9.202-1

During the course of your treatment at Walter Reed Army Medical Center, you may receive a transfusion of one or more blood products. Your physician will outline the expected benefits of such a procedure to you. WRAMC (and the entire military blood banking community) complies with all 6f the stringent regulatory standards designed to make our blood as safe as possible. Despite this, there are several well-established risks of transfusion. These risks are outlined below.

Hepatitis B virus	Less than 1 in 100,000 units transfused
Hepatitis C virus	Less than 1 in 1 million units transfused
HTLV (a white cell virus	1 in 641,000 units transfused
HIV virus (AIDS virus)	Less than 1 in 1 million units transfused

1. **Transmission of Infectious Diseases** Each potential blood donor is screened very carefully before donation to ensure maximum safety of the blood that he is donating, and each unit of blood is tested for infectious agents prior to transfusion. We constantly strive to improve our ability to detect infectious agents. However, transmission of infectious agents is still a possibility. The table below outlines the currently accepted estimates of risk of infectious agent transmission per unit transfused.

#### 2. Fever

Mild increases in temperature, accompanied by chills, are not uncommon following transfusion. Your physician may give you Tylenol before your transfusion to prevent this. It is very important that you report any chills you have during your transfusion to your nurse or physician, because in very rare instances, fever may indicate a more significant problem.

### 3. Allergic reactions

Occasionally, your body may respond to transfusion with an allergic reaction. These reactions are generally very mild, and include itching and rash. Your physician may give you Benadryl before your transfusion to prevent this. Very rarely, more serious allergic reactions may occur and cause breathing problems, throat swelling, or low blood pressure. Again, please report any problems you have during your transfusion, no matter how small they may seem, to your nurse or physician.

## 4. Hemolysis

Very rarely, the blood that is transfused to you can be destroyed by your body, leading to potentially harmful effects. Your physician, the nursing staff, and the WRAMC Blood Bank go to great lengths to ensure that this doesn't occur. For your part, you may again help by reporting anything unusual you feel during your transfusion to your nurse and/or physician.

#### 5. Complications of Massive Transfusion

If you require a very large amount of blood in a very short time frame, metabolic problems such as electrolyte imbalance or body temperature changes may occur. In, addition, your normal clotting factors may be diluted. Your physician can give you more information regarding the management of these potential problems.

The above should introduce the major risks of transfusion. You should be aware that for some patients, there are alternatives to transfusion of banked blood. These alternatives include such things as preoperative donation of your own blood for use during or after surgery, intraoperative salvage of your blood, and administration of certain drugs to boost your own level of blood cells. Your physician can supply you with additional details about some of these alternatives.

The Blood Bank is always available to help answer any other questions that you may have about blood transfusion. Feel free to call us at (202) 782-6989 for additional information.